Phishing – Tackling the Problem

Session# A2
Michael T. Raggo
CISSP, IAM, CCSI, SCSA, CSI
VeriSign, Inc.
Monday, April 3 1:30-3PM

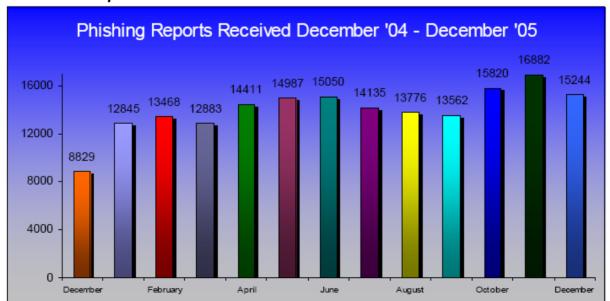


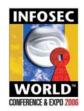


The Growing Phishing Problem

• What is Phishing?

- Mass distribution of 'spoofed' e-mail messages with return addresses, links, and branding which appear to come from banks, insurance agencies, retailers or credit card companies.
- Designed to fool recipients into divulging personal data such as account names, passwords, credit card numbers, social security numbers, etc.





Reference: Antiphishing.org

The Growing Phishing Problem (how did we get here?)

Cyber criminal can break their head against the steel walls of the bank's Internet security plan

Or

They can take the easy approach and just ask customers for their username and password for their account

- Users are still not as protective of their online information as they should be.
- + An informal survey found that 85% respondents compromised their passwords by providing their actual password, or hint about their password, for a \$3 Starbucks gift card.

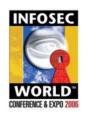


Phishers are able to convince > 5% of recipients to respond.

The Growing Phishing Problem (how did we get here?)

Phishing Harder to Detect

- + Phishers no longer send crude, misspelled emails in plain text.
- + Traditionally, phishers have used social engineering to register "cousin" domains, which sound similar to the company they are trying to impersonate.
- + Lately, phishers lure victims by forging an email' "from" address
- Phishers use browser camouflage techniques such as floating a JavaScript window over the Address Bar to fool people into thinking they are viewing a legitimate, branded site.
- + The rogue JavaScript remains installed even after leaving the phisher's site.
 - + A phisher could easily write additional JavaScript routines to record everything sent or received through your Web browser until closing the application.





The Client Challenge

- Consumers and institutions suffer significant losses as a result of phishing attacks
 - + Credit card fraud
 - + Identity theft
 - + Financial loss
- Adverse impact on brand image, loss of consumer confidence
- Demonstration of due care to stakeholders
- Resource constraints and the need to focus on high priority, high payoff activities for greatest business efficiency
- Responding requires paid highly skilled professionals on demand 24x7
- + Phishing exploits are getting more difficult to detect and shut down
- Complexity of addressing through current incident response process

Phishers are abusing the trust relationship between the victim and the business.





The Client Challenge

- Number of unique phishing reports received in December: 15244
- + Number of unique phishing sites received in December: 7197
- + Number of brands hijacked by phishing campaigns in December: 121
- Number of brands comprising the top 80% of phishing campaigns in December: 7
- Country hosting the most phishing websites in December: United States
- Contain some form of target name in URL: 51 %
- No hostname just IP address: 32 %
- Percentage of sites not using port 80: 7 %
- + Average time online for site: 5.3 days
- Longest time online for site: 31 days

Phishing Activity Report December 2005

APWG – www.antiphishing.org





Recent targets...

Recent targets other than banks

+ IRS

+ A phishing attack is **exploiting an open redirect on a U.S. government web site** to gain credibility for bogus e-mails promising an IRS tax refund. The scam e-mail offers an IRS refund of \$571 to recipients if they click on a link to govbenefits.gov, a legitimate federal web site that has recently been promoted by President Bush as a tool to streamline relief for victims of Hurricane Katrina. (Source: netcraft.com)

+ Credit Unions

+ Targets people who are members of credit unions and it looks very official. Not only are the graphics very real looking, but the link in the e-mail looks real too. You never want to update your information or your accounts through an e-mail. Always go to the Web site itself or call the organization.

+ Non-profit organizations

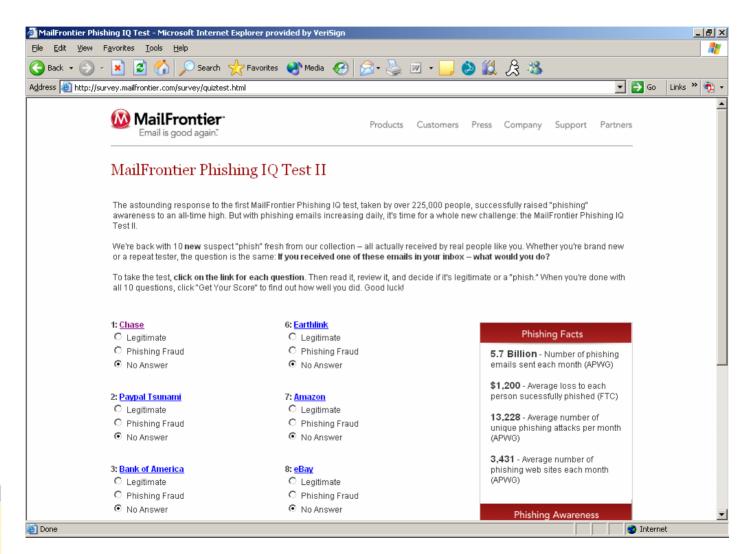
- + Donations for **Katrina victims**
- + The US Federal Bureau of Investigations (FBI) issued a warning on Jan. 11, 2006, alerting Internet users of a new phishing e-mail requesting financial aid for Randy McCloy Jr., the sole survivor of the West Virginia mine explosion that killed 12 men.

+ U.S. Navy and Airforce

+ In addition, naval seamen who use the Navy Knowledge Online (NKO) Web portal and Air Force personnel with access to the Air Force Portal are also exposed to phishing emails leading them to fictitious Websites. Users are urged to double check the Website address and to change their portal password if they believe they have fallen victim to the scams.



Can you detect a phishing attempt? Take the test!







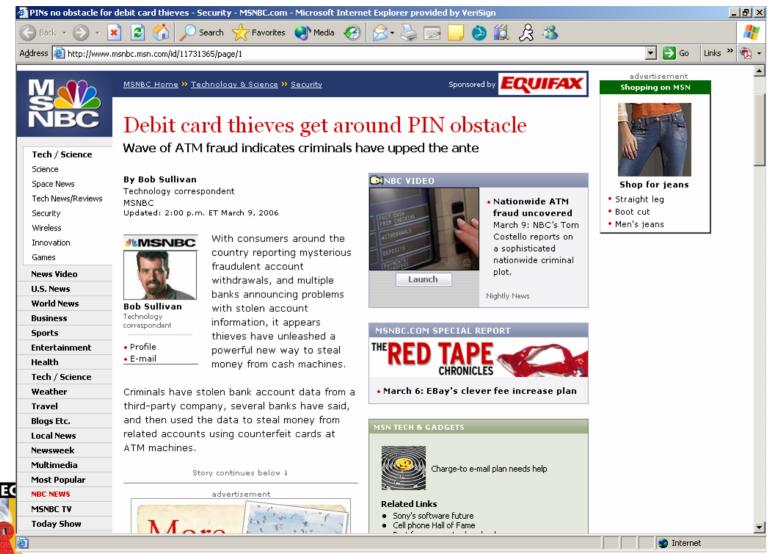
Real Cybercrime

- Stealing Credentials 'Phishing'
 - Credit Card Numbers
 - Bank User Name, Password
 - Social Security Number, Address etc. to apply for credentials
- Using Stolen Credentials 'Carding'
 - Package Reshipping Schemes
 - Money Laundering Schemes
 - Identity Theft
- Support Functions
 - Compromise machines
 - Send Spam



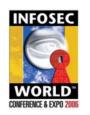


More Cybercrime



More Cybercrime

- Advance Fee Frauds (419)
 - Gangs mostly operate from Nigeria
 - Internet application of 'Spanish prisoner' fraud dating to the crusades
 - New variant involves fake cashiers checks
- Extortion / Protection
 - Attacker compromises web site, offers consulting to solve security issue

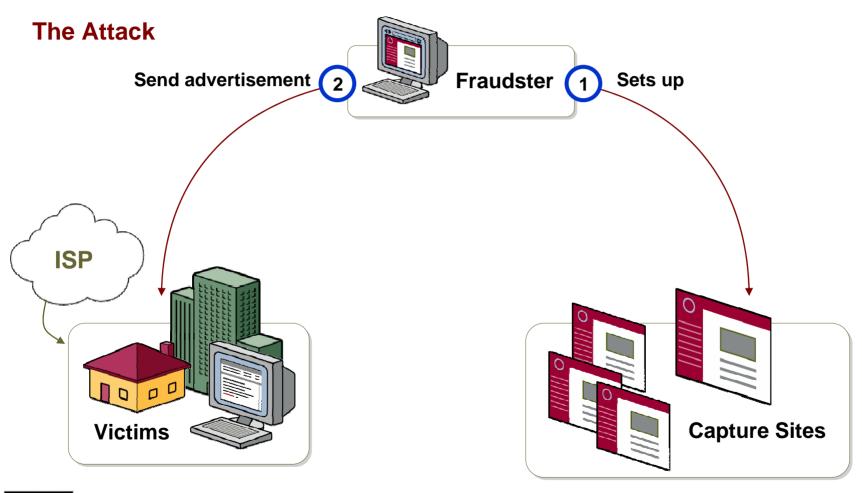




Phishing Attack Components

- Capture Site
 - Usually a Zombie host or ISP account bought with phished card#
 - Impersonates a merchant or trusted brand
 - Takes the username/password, card #s, SSN, etc.
- Means of Advertising Capture Site
 - Usually Spam sent out from Zombie hosts
 - Often uses misleading domain name [payments@brand-billing.com]
- Means of Covering Tracks
 - Recover data from the capture site
 - Often use US hosted email provider
 - Internet Cafes are popular
 - Its Easy to get Caught
 - Several successful phishing prosecutions, many pend

Anti-Phishing/Anti-Pharming





Phishing Tactics

- Hack a Merchant Site
 - Hope the merchant is silly enough to leave database of plaintext card #s
- Pretend to be a Merchant
 - You give me your credit card number, I will give you hijacked software
 - Old tactic, spam filtering may have made it unprofitable
- Pretend to be a Trusted Brand
 - Or how to get the undivided attention of the brand owner
 - Risky, but can be profitable
- Trojan a Machine
 - Load spyware onto a consumer machine
 - Currently a boutique approach





"Spear" Phishing

- Dangerous form of email phishing, from a person you know (social engineering aspects)
- Many times the result of a hacked online company
- Information is used to target the individual's who's information was stolen
- + Already knows some information about you AND who you do business with



Pharming

Pharming

+ Virus' modifying host file (using malware)

- + Does not rely on phony emails to lure the user
- + Pharming uses Trojan horse viruses that change the behavior of web browsers.
- User attempts to access an online banking site or one of the other target sites actually trigger the browser
- + To redirect to a fraudulent site. Once a machine is infected, a user can type the correct URL and still end up at the fraudulent site.



Pharming

Pharming

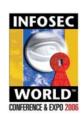
- + Why use malware?
 - + More relevant data
 - + Yields a far greater number of victims (500,000 vs 100 for standard phishing emails)
 - + Generates a lot more data, most of it irrelevant
 - + Good for about a week before A/V vendors release signatures



Pharming (Malware)

Pharming

- + New variant hides 'elaborate' eBay fraud
 - + Security experts have warned web users to guard against a newly intercepted Mutant of the Feebs trojan that attempts to dupe eBay users with an "elaborate" fraud (identified by Aladdin)
 - + Disable the system's antivirus and other security-related products as well as executing other malicious code.
 - + JS.Feebs usually arrives by email, but it could also exist in websites that would infect visitors upon access, Aladdin warned.
 - + The script modifies the HOSTS file found on the compromised target PC, thus overriding the default DNS servers
 - + Leads users to enter info at fraudulent site, and upon entering credentials takes the user to the legitimate EBay site.
 - + Source: http://www.scmagazine.com/us/news/article/540214/?n=us





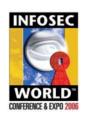
Pharming

Pharming

+ DNS Cache Poisoning

- + Attacker exploits a flaw in the DNS server software that can make it accept incorrect information
- + Server does not correctly validate DNS responses to ensure that they have come from an authoritative source
- + The server will end up caching the incorrect entries locally and serve them to users that make the same request.

+ DNS Hijacking



- + Hacking into DNS Servers and change IP addresses
- + Users automatically redirected to bogus site

Phishing Attack Components

- Distributing Mass Emails
 - Mailer Tools
 - Darkmailer
 - Sendsafe
 - mailerboy



- Built-in mail server
- Email database
- Personalization of macro tags
 - User can create more convincing phishing emails
- Support for text and HTML emails





Attack Impersonation & URL Obfuscation

- Bogus Auth Info
 - http://www.cnn.com@www.PCGuide.com
- Deceptive Char Encoding
 - http://%57%57%57.%50%43%47%55%49 %44%45.%43%4F%4D
- Dotted Octal IP address (leading "0" = octal)
 - http://0321.0104.016.0120
- Dotted Hexidecimal IP address (leading "0x" = hexidecimal)
 - http://0xD1.0x44.0x0E.0x50
- Single Number (Decimal)



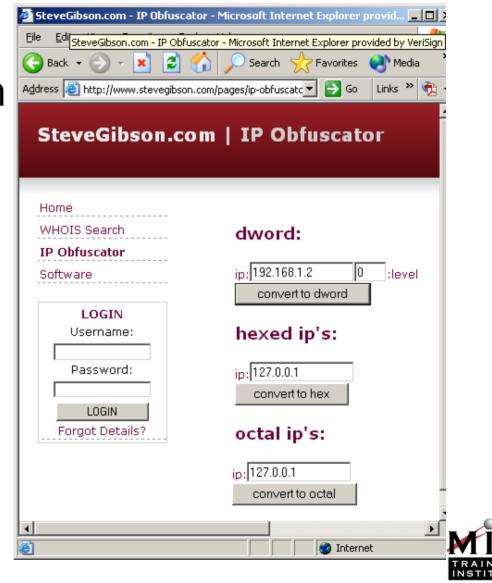
- http://3510898256/

Source: http://www.tcpipguide.com/free/t_URLObscurationObfuscationandGeneralTrickery-3.htm



IP Obfuscation

- IP Obfuscator
- stevegibson.com





Mirroring

What it does

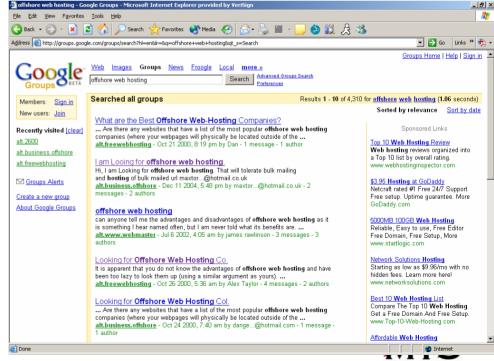
- A web crawler that crawls a particular site, recursively looks for hyperlinks, and makes an offline copy on the user's hard drive
- Used for making a Mirror of the site, that looks very similar to the actual site
- Download all or part of a website to your computer, enabling you to browse the site directly from your hard disk at much greater speeds than if you were to browse the site online
- Create an exact duplicate, or mirror of a website, complete with subdirectory structure and all required files
- Download a list of files at known addresses
- Explore every website linked from a central website
- Make a list of all pages and files on a website
- Tools
- INFOSEC
 - Wget
 - Teleport (<u>http://www.tenmax.com</u>)
 - Black Widow



Hosting the Phishing Site

- Legitimate Server with root access
 - ISP
 - Vulnerable server hosted by someone else
- Anonymous Hosting
 - Offshore hosting
 - Purchase with e-gold
 - Webmoney.ru
 - Western Union



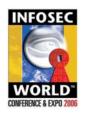


- A kit that includes files for impersonating a legitimate site
 - Targeting major sites (PayPal, Citibank, Barclays, etc.)
 - Shadowcrew.com & carderplanet.com
 - Back-end (PHP code) for processing logons IDs and passwords
 - May include list of email addresses



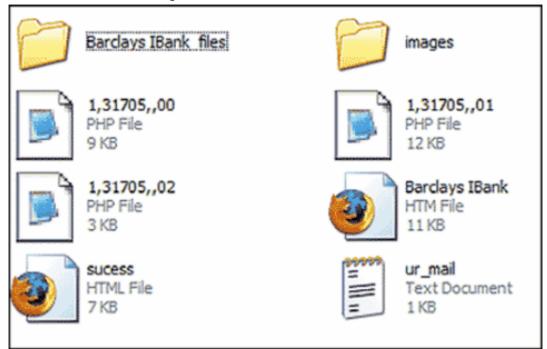
Downloads

Name	Last modified		Size
Parent Directory	25-Jan-2006	23:44	-
2-Pages-Barclays-uk>	18-Jan-2006	04:16	64k
365online.com.zip	18-Jan-2006	04:16	15k
Bank-OfAmerica-2005.zip	18-Jan-2006	04:16	48k
Bank-of-America-2005>	18-Jan-2006	04:16	45k
Bank-of-Oklahoma.zip	18-Jan-2006	04:16	16k
Barclays-UK.zip	18-Jan-2006	04:16	77k
Bureau.zip	18-Jan-2006	04:16	28k





Inside the zip







Setting up the site

Simply follow the steps 1-2	Log-in Step 1 of 2	
2 Security Check Online Banking About log-in First time users Fergetten log-in details List-in 105 Security	Be on your guard - beware of fraudsters frours that you are logging onto a genuine Bandays site and not being duped by soom emeria. Click on ocion Stearth; to find out more.) Find out more.	
	Your Details to enter your maniperchip details below more than the property loss.	
	Durnome Membership xumber 2010	
	Save time - remember your membership number Number Number Select the box so your computer remembers your membership number when you leg in. We download a permanent conicis to do this and don't recommend you save your details on a public computer.	





Anti-Phishing/Anti-Pharming

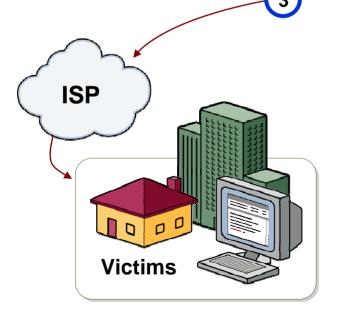
Response

Notify ISP where fraudulent advertisement was sent

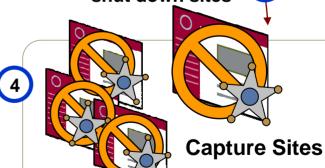


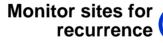
Collect any data that fraudster harvested





Work with ISPs + Law enforcement to shut down sites



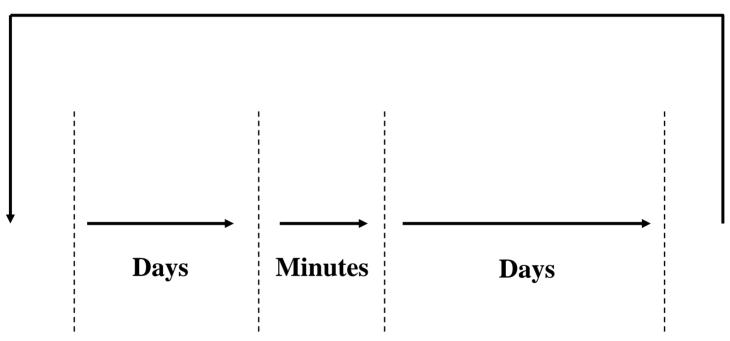






Phishing Attack Timeline

Reload



Preparation

Start Attack Discovery

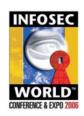
Takedown





Phishing Case Study

- The Preparation Approximately 4:00 am PST
 - + Anonymous host server at an ISP in Tacoma, Washington on unprotected FTP share
 - + Uploaded a rootkit onto the server
 - Created new logins into the terminal services for the server
 - The capture site was unlinked page off of an otherwise legitimate website
 - + No cousin domains
 - + Used a standard PERL mailer utility to send out the fraudulent advertisements.





Phishing Case Study (Continued)

- Attack Begins at 9:17 am PST
- Fraudulent Advertisement sent to customers
- + The time between when the phisher gained access to the anonymous host and uploaded the rootkit to mails sent is under 5 hours
- The phisher covered his tracks by deleting the mail list once the emails went out



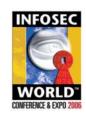
Phishing Case Study (Continued)

- Discovery 9:42 am PST
 - VeriSign became aware of the scam email 25 minutes after attack launched
 - + Link took the victim to a site that looked like the login page. No matter what data was entered for username and password, the phisher's site then took the victim to a page that collected further information.



Phishing Case Study (Continued)

- + The Take Down 9:47 am PST
 - First try ARIN "abuse@" contacts but only got voice mail
 - + Leveraging our extensive database of contacts, our next attempt to contact them got us to a live person.
 - + By 9:47 (5 minutes after VeriSign became aware of the attack) the scam page is taken down.
 - We were able to get the site down so quickly in part because the site was domestic and because of the quick response of our fraud team.
- Forensics Investigation
 - Copy of the scam site payload
 - We also had the FTP logs to give us details of where and when the phisher started this from.
 - + FTP logs show that he accessed the servers from 3 separate IP's, two from Romania and one from Spain. Harvested data and sent it to a free web email account.



Anti-Phishing Solution

Prevention

- ✓ Policy, Programs& Education
- ✓ Incident Response policy gap analysis
- ✓ Assessment services
- ✓ Strong Authentication

Detection

- ✓ Brand Management
- ✓ Domain Name Monitoring
- ✓ Web Crawlers
- √ Spam Filters
- ✓ Customer Notification

Response

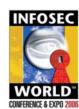
- ✓ 24x7 Support
- ✓ Integrated Processes
- ✓ Global Abuse Contact DB
- ✓ Shutdown
 Phishing Sites
- ✓ Damage Assessment

Forensics

- ✓ Cyber Forensics
- ✓ Follow-up Investigation

Reporting

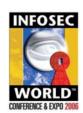
- ✓ Initial Incident Validations
- ✓ Progress Reports
- ✓ Investigative Report
- ✓ Trend Reporting



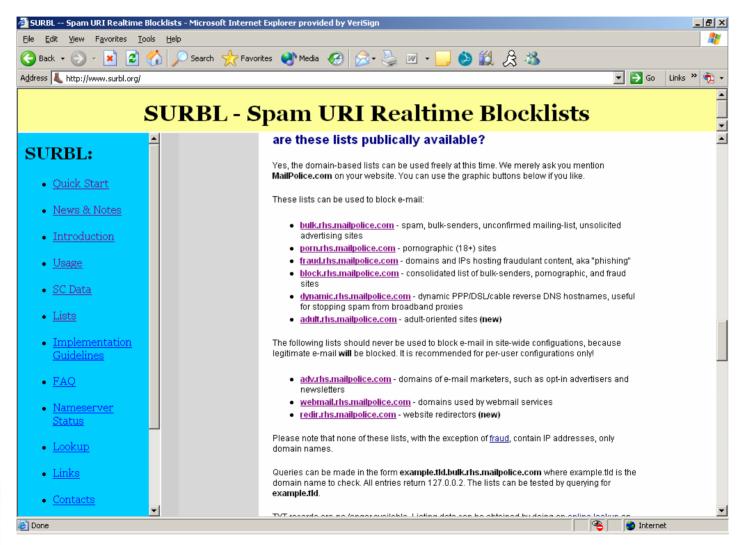


Prevention

- Security Consulting
 - Vulnerability and application assessments Penetration Test!
 - Assess current Incident Response processes, policies, and vulnerabilities
 - From gap analysis, recommend and create optimal Incident Response policies
 - Implement educational programs send updates to customers/users
- Authentication Services
 - Prevent email spoofing
 - Sender ID (Microsoft)
 - DomainKeys Identified Mail (Yahoo! & Cisco)
 - Browser-based protection (prevention & detection)
 - Netcraft Toolbar
 - WholeSecurity Web Caller-ID
 - TrustBar
 - Digital signatures for outgoing emails, providing sender validation
 - Strong Authentication for bank site login



Blocklists







Detection - Digital Brand Management

- Brand Equity
 - Misuse of a company's trademarks, logos, and intellectual property online
 - + Logo copied and stolen
 - + Logo altered
 - + Objectionable content
 - + Unauthorized distributors of products or intellectual property
 - + Monitor and protect trademarks, logos, and intellectual property online
 - + Online global monitoring brand audit of worldwide domain name registrations
 - Identify and shutdown unauthorized distributors of products or intellectual property – Renegade Sites
 - Identify and shutdown objectionable sites using company trademarks and logos

Are you in control of your brand in the digital world? Over 70% of the URLs associated with world's top 25 brands are not owned by those brands!





Response: Phishing Response Methodology

Initial Analysis & Validation

- Analyze suspect email
- Identify URLs involved
- Determine actual hyperlink target
- Determine true destination
- Validate severity/risk level

Counter-Measures

- Contact domain admin(s) to solicit help to shut-down offending site
- Contact & advise other appropriate parties
- Implement other appropriate countermeasures

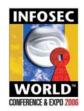
Core Investigation

- Identify location(s) of stored data
- Identify domain registration & contact information
- Document investigative results
- Collect additional relevant information



Reporting

- Incident acknowledgement
- Initial update validating severity/risk level
- Recurring progress reports during investigative and counter-measures phases
- Final investigative report
- Periodic summary reports





Resources & References

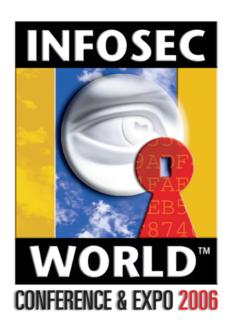
- Phishing Exposed by Lance James
- Anti-Phishing Workgroup
 - http://www.antiphishing.org/
- Tools and Resources
 - http://www.scientis.com/Security/Phishing.html
- Up to date scam listing
 - http://www.millersmiles.co.uk/ar chives/17











Session # Title of Your Presentation

